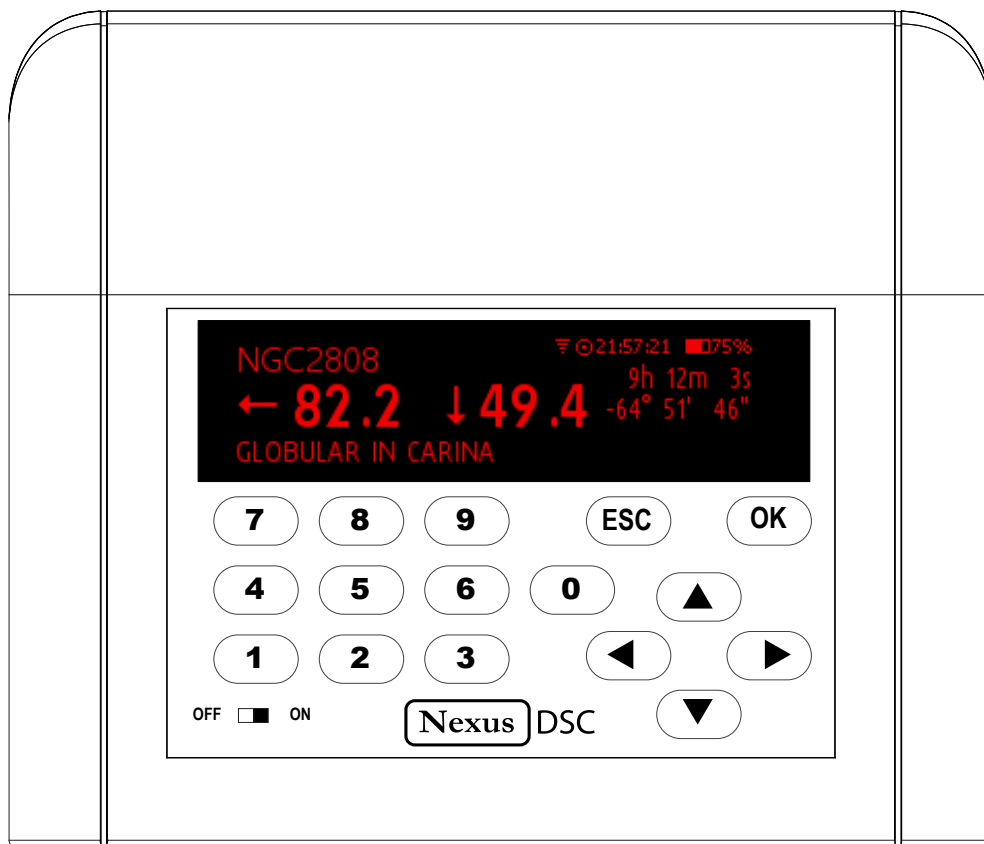


# Nexus DSC

## USER MANUAL



# User Manual for Nexus DSC

Version 2.1

Firmware version 1.x.x

Last revised on April 25<sup>th</sup>, 2016

Printed in Australia

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## Precautions and Safety

### *Electricity*



**Nexus DSC contains a rechargeable Lithium-ion battery. Lithium-ion batteries can explode or cause a fire if they are used incorrectly or if they are defective. Therefore, you are recommended to read the following instructions very carefully:**

NEVER leave Nexus DSC where it is subjected to extremes in temperatures. This includes low levels as well as high.

DO NOT leave Nexus DSC where it is in direct sunlight or in an enclosed space, such as a car, that can become extremely hot very rapidly.

Do not drop or subject the Nexus DSC to impact.

Use only approved power adapter to charge your Nexus DSC.



Do not handle power plug and adapter with wet hands. Electrical shock may result. Immediately power off the product and unplug the DC adapter and/or batteries if smoke or odours emit from the product. Immediately power off the product and unplug the DC adapter if water or other liquids are present.

### *Product*



Keep it away from harsh environments including humid, dusty, and smoky areas.

Do not use excessive force on the connectors.

Do not attempt to disassemble the device without prior consultation with Astro Devices.

Do not place heavy objects on the product. Damage to your products may result from improper use.

## Technical Support

Astro Devices

198 The Esplanade,

SYLVANIA, NSW 2224

AUSTRALIA

ABN 75 270 616 917

E-Mail: [support@astrodevices.com](mailto:support@astrodevices.com)

Website: <http://www.astrodevices.com>

## **Thank You!**

Thank you for purchasing Nexus DSC digital setting circles telescope computer. We hope you enjoy it!

You have purchased one of the most advanced Digital Setting Circles computers. It will allow you to located celestial objects quickly and easily. Nexus DSC has a huge database of objects – planets, galaxies, star clusters, globular clusters, nebulae and others. It also provides extensive descriptions for those objects – magnitudes, sizes, common names, alternative designators, surface brightness, separations for double stars, spectral class, galaxy morphology. It is all available at a press of a button!

This user manual will get you started and help you make the most of your Nexus DSC.

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# Introduction

Nexus DSC is a digital setting circles computer with optional WiFi interface for your telescope. It works with most popular telescopes – on equatorial or Alt-Azimuth mounts.

Nexus DSC is a very sophisticated device for locating celestial object in the sky. Only two rotary encoders are required to be fitted to your telescope in order to be able to locate celestial object with Nexus DSC.

## Product Features

Below is a short outline of main features of your Nexus DSC.

### Technical specifications

- CPU – 32 bit, MIPS 4K running at 80MHz
- Memory – 16MB internal FLASH
- External memory – up to 64GB on micro SD card
- 3.12" Red OLED screen (256x64 pixels) with 256 levels of brightness
- Full numeric keypad with adjustable back light
- Real time clock with thermal compensation
- Built-in GPS receiver with support for GPS and GLONASS
- Built-in 5000mAh rechargeable Lithium battery
- Operating temperature range from -20 °C to +50 °C (-5 °F to +120 °F)
- Humidity 10%-90% non-condensing
- Optional WiFi interface
- FCC / CE/ IC certified 2.4GHz IEEE 802.11b/g transceiver
  - Supports Access Point and infrastructure WiFi networks
  - Secure Wi-Fi authentication schemes
  - Class I WiFi device (up to 150 meters)
  - Uses 2412 ~ 2484MHz Unlicensed ISM band (channels 1-14)
  - Output power 0.08W
- One RS232 port
- One USB port
- Upgradeable firmware and catalogues (firmware is upgraded using a USB memory stick)
- Can be charged/powered by an external power source of 5-16V DC; can be charged from a cigarette lighter socket in a car
- Reverse polarity protection
- RoHS compliant
- Size: 140 x 120 x 30mm (5.5" x 4.7" x 1.2")
- Weight: 260g (9oz)

### Digital setting circles specifications

- Intuitive graphical user interface
- Supports Alt-Az mounts, Equatorial Mounts, Equatorial Platforms

- Supports a two star alignment
- Filter objects by magnitude, constellation and object type
- Displayed angular resolution is 0.01 of a degree
- Internal FLASH memory contains a database of more than 73500 objects:
  - Named stars
  - Bright stars, Flamsteed, Bayer, Asterisms
  - Planets, Sun, Moon
  - Common named objects
  - Full catalogues: Abell Galaxy Clusters, Abell Planetaries, Arakelian, Arp Peculiar Galaxies, Barnard, Caldwell, Collinder, ESO, Herschel, Hickson Compact Groups, King, LBN, Markarian galaxies, Messier, Minkowski planetaries, IC, NGC, Palomar Globulars, PK, PN, Sharpless, Stock, Terzan, Trumpler, UGC
  -
- Around 1.9 million objects are located on optional microSD card
  - Comets and Asteroids (updatable from the MPC)
  - HyperLEDA catalogue
  - MCG, SAO
  - Full Washington Double Stars catalogue
- Displays object's information: magnitude, size, surface brightness, spectral class, double star separations, galaxies morphology, alternative names, rise time, set time, transit time etc.
- Identify function; can also display up to 128 nearby objects
- Tour modes: within a radius and within a constellation
- Supports a multi point telescope pointing analysis system for telescope pointing corrections
- Supports rotary encoders with up to 999999 steps per revolution
- Shows internal battery status – remaining capacity, current power consumption and percentage of charge remaining
- Can be interfaced to a tablet/smartphone/computer using a standard RS232 interface or optional WiFi interface
- Internal real-time clock can be synchronised with GPS time automatically
- Time display of local time, UTC and local sidereal time
- Supports LX200 emulation
- Supports ServoCAT, SiTech and SkyTracker motor controllers

### Package Content

The package contains:

- Nexus DSC
- User manual
- DC 2.1mm to cigarette lighter power cable
- USB to DC 2.1mm cable (for charging only)
- *Optional* serial cable
- *Optional* power adapter 6V, 3A, 90-264V AC

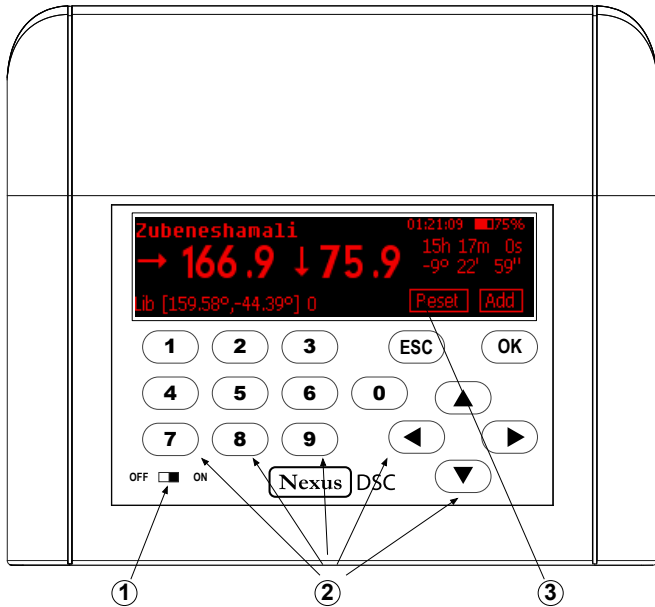
# Introduction

## Unpacking

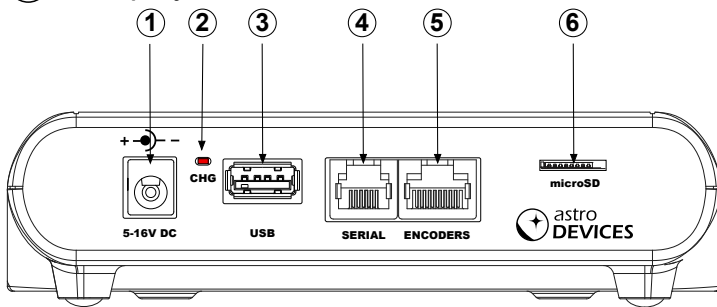
Nexus DSC has a protective film covering the front panel. Please peel it off to be able to see the display clearly.

## Controls

All controls are situated on front panel of Nexus DSC:



- ① – power switch
- ② – keypad
- ③ – display



- ① – external power connector (DC 2.1mm)
- ② – charging status LED
- ③ – USB connector
- ④ – Serial (RS232) port
- ⑤ – Encoders port
- ⑥ – Micro SD socket

① is used to charge the battery; can be connected to a power adapter or to a cigarette lighter socket (using the supplied cable)

② indicates the charging status of the battery

Blinking type	Description
Solid ON	The internal battery charging is in progress
OFF	The internal battery has been fully charged
Flashing	Flashing LED is indicating an error (power source is not supplying sufficient voltage and or current)

③ The USB port acts as a USB host. It cannot be used to connect Nexus DSC to a computer directly.

The USB port on Nexus DSC is used for:

- Firmware updates
- To interface Nexus DSC to ServoCAT
- To interface Nexus DSC to SiTech motor controller

④ Serial port is a standard RS232 port, 6P6C RJ connector. It is used for the following purposes:

- To connect Nexus DSC to a computer
- To connect Nexus DSC to ServoCAT
- To connect Nexus DSC to SiTech controller

⑤ Encoder port is used to connect encoders using an 8P8C RJ connector

⑥ microSD socket is push-in push-out type

## Charge the battery

The battery may not be fully charged at first. It is advised to fully charge the battery.

Please use either the provided power adapter or one of the recommended power adapters to charge the battery.

It is also possible to use the supplied USB to DC 2.1mm cable to charge the battery from a power adapter with a USB socket. The power adapter should be capable of supplying at least 1.5A at 5V otherwise it will take much longer to fully charge the battery in Nexus DSC.

Connect the power adapter to Nexus DSC and plug the adapter into a power point.

It is recommended to keep Nexus DSC turned off during charging to reduce charging time.

### **WARNING:**



Do not connect Nexus DSC to an external power source that is not within the specified voltage range. Nexus DSC has internal over-current protection but it is safer to use it with the power source specified.

The internal Lithium battery can only be charged at a temperature range of 0 °C to +30 °C (32 °F to 86 °F)

## User interface

### Main menu

The main screen consists of a status bar, horizontal menu with icons and a text description of the currently selected menu item:

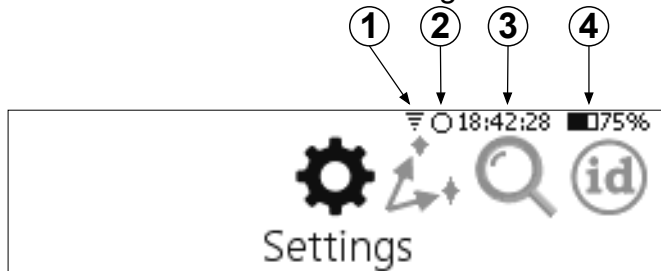


- ① – Status bar
- ② – Main menu
- ③ – Menu description

### Status Bar

The status bar shows basic information about battery state, current time, GPS receiver status and WiFi.

The status bar has the following elements:



- ① WiFi status is only shown if the WiFi is enabled
- ② GPS fix status - the dot in the centre is flashing until the GPS receiver acquires the current location
- ③ Current time in 24 hour format
- ④ Battery charge level in %

### Keypad

Nexus DSC has a full numeric (0-9) keypad with directional keys (◀, ▶, ▲, ▼), (OK) and (ESC) to allow an easy method of control.

The keys have the following functions:

- (0) to (9) keys are used to specify a numeric information to Nexus DSC
- (◀) and (▶) keys on the keypad move between previous and next menu item, they are also used to move between control fields (edit value, list, check box, on-screen buttons) in a dialogue screen. The (◀) key also acts as a backspace when editing a value in edit fields.
- (▲) and (▼) keys are used to select an item from a list, to adjust value in numeric

fields with predefined steps (like 'Time Zone') or to change a character in an edit field; they can also be used to go to the previous/next menu level.

- The (OK) key activates the selected menu item (on-screen button press, accepts a selection from a list, finish editing a text or numeric value).
- The (ESC) key goes back to the previous menu level/screen.

### Initial Setup

This section describes how to setup Nexus DSC to start locating celestial objects. The following sections will describe all features of Nexus DSC in detail.

In order to be able to use Nexus DSC for locating celestial object it is necessary to set a few parameters first:

- Time and date
- Mount Type
- Encoders' resolution

### Setting the time and date

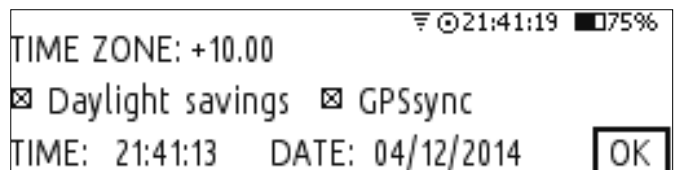
Please select 'Settings' from the main menu:



Then select 'Time and Date':





It will show the current time and date that can be changed:




If all parameters are set correctly then pressing the (ESC) key can be used to avoid changing any parameter.

If the time zone, time and date need to be changed then (◀) and (▶) keys can be used to



select the parameter that needs to be adjusted.  and  keys are used to change the value. Setting the time and date is only required if time synchronisation with GPS is disabled. However the time zone and date needs to be set for Nexus DSC to show the local time correctly.

 It usually takes 30 to 60 seconds for the GPS receiver to get a fix on the location (under open sky conditions). Nexus DSC will update the internal real time clock with the time received by the GPS receiver at this time. The GPS receiver will automatically be switched into a power saving mode after it acquired the location to conserve the battery power.

### Connecting to your telescope

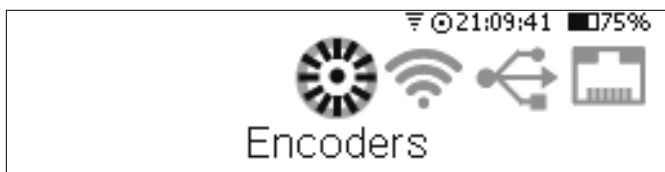
Nexus DSC requires only encoders connected to operate. Please plug the encoder cable into **Encoders** port on Nexus DSC.

For operating Nexus DSC with a ServoCAT or SiTech controller the serial port needs to be connected to a serial port on ServoCAT or SiTech controller.

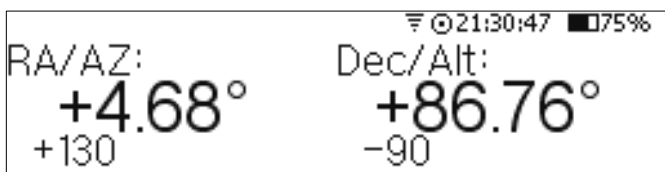
To make sure that encoders are functioning correctly Nexus DSC has a test mode to test the encoders. Selecting **Test** from the main menu activates it:



Then select **Encoders**:



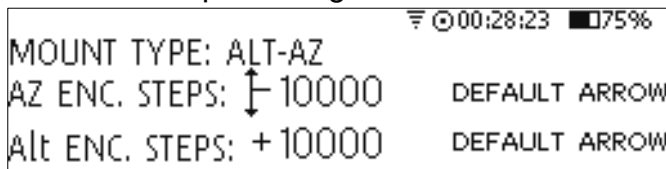
will show the current angles and encoder steps:



In order for Nexus DSC to function correctly it is required to adjust the encoder steps to make sure that:

- the RA/AZ current position in degrees is increasing when rotating the telescope clockwise around RA/AZ axis
- the Dec/Alt current position in degrees is increasing when moving the telescope up in declination/altitude

If either of those values is decreasing then set the encoder steps' sign for that axis to a negative sign in the Telescope Settings:



### Telescope Settings

Nexus DSC needs the mount type and encoder steps to be set correctly before it can be used to locate celestial object precisely.

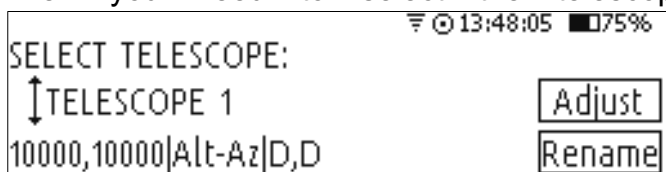
The mount type and encoder steps are set in the Telescope Settings that can be accessed by selecting 'Setting' from the main menu:







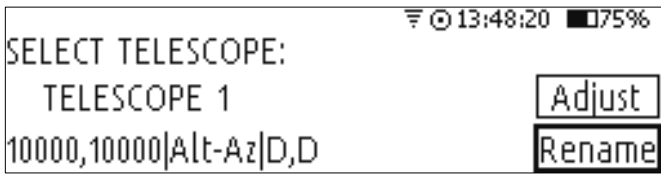
then by selecting 'Telescope':



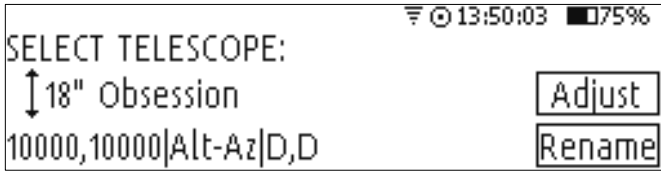
Then you need to select the telescope:



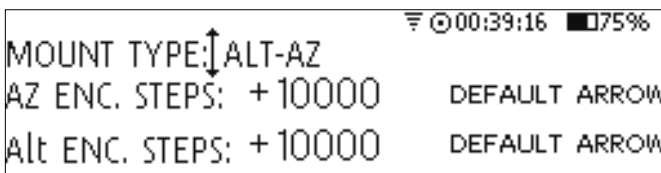
Nexus DSC allows to have up to five different telescope configurations.  and  keys are used to switch between telescope configurations. You can also rename **TELESCOPE 1** to your telescope's name. You just need to activate the **Rename** button by using  and then press the  key. A text cursor now appears under the name:





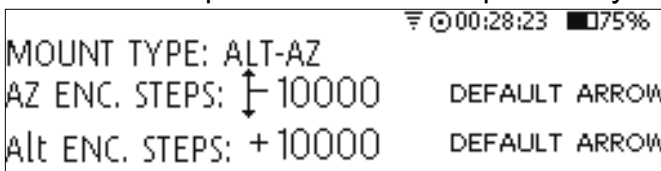
You will now be able to edit the name and change it to your telescope name:



Now you need to set other parameters for your telescope:




where the mount type can be selected by using  and  keys. The encoder steps are set to 10000 steps by default and should be set to the number of steps corresponding to the number of steps of the encoder installed on your telescope. Encoder steps can be set by using the numeric keys on the keypad. Please change the sign in front of encoder steps for either one or both encoders if required as described previously:



## Two star alignment

Nexus DSC needs to be aligned on two stars before it can locate celestial objects.

 Your telescope does not need to be levelled for Nexus DSC to locate celestial objects accurately.

The two star alignment is performed in three steps.

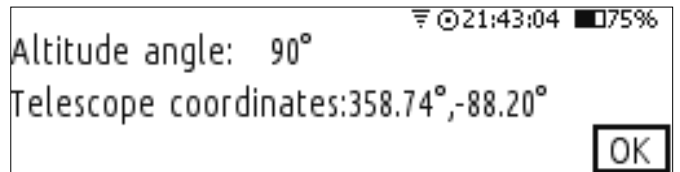
Please go to the Align menu:



Then select Altitude Reference:



Adjust the altitude reference angle if required:



Now move the telescope into position depending on the mount type (for 90 degrees reference): Telescopes on Alt-Azimuth mount should be positioned vertically:



The same rule applies to telescopes installed on equatorial platforms. Please note that the telescope should be at 90 degrees to the ground board, not the ground.

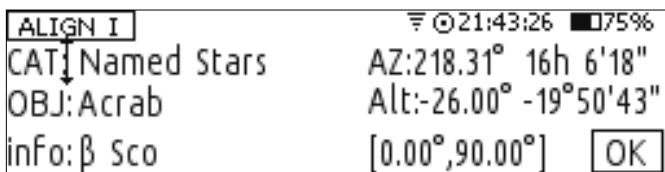
For equatorial mounts 0 degrees altitude reference is more convenient.

Telescopes on an Equatorial Fork for a 0 degrees altitude reference then be positioned as below:



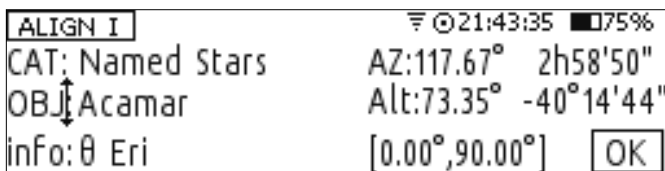
**O** The telescope does not have to be positioned exactly at the angle specified, but it should be within  $\pm 10^\circ$ .

Nexus DSC will automatically switch the screen to the selection of first alignment object:



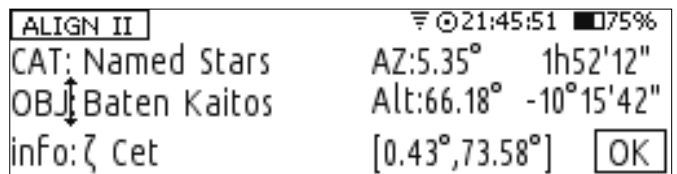
While Nexus DSC can be aligned on any object in its database it is best to use objects from either **Named Stars** catalogue or **Bright Stars** catalogue.

It is time to select the first alignment object – by pressing **◀** to go to the object selection list and then using **▲** and **▼** to change to another star:



**Acamar** was selected as it is well above 30 degrees. Now the telescope should be pointed at **Acamar** using an eyepiece with a reticle/crosshair or a very high magnification eyepiece. Press the **OK** button once the telescope is pointing at the star.

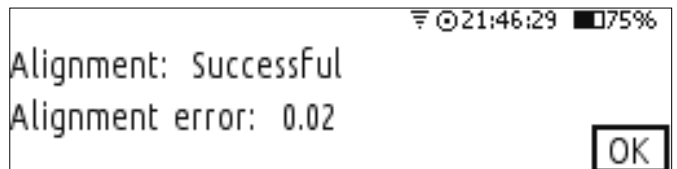
Nexus DSC will now switch to the selection of a second alignment object:



Please follow the procedure described above to change the selection of the second alignment object if necessary.

Press the **OK** button once the star is in the centre of the eyepiece.

Now Nexus DSC will show the alignment error:

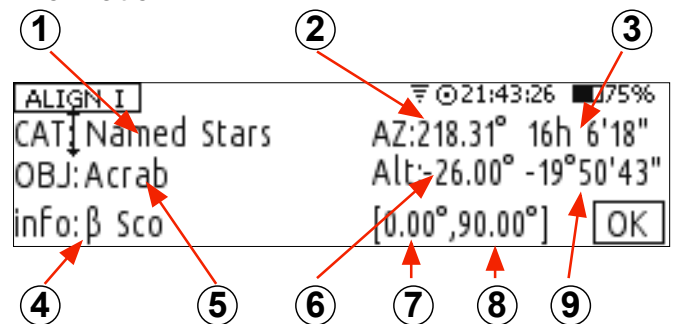


Now you can press either the **OK** key or the **ESC** key to go to the previous menu.

**O** You can go back to align on first or second object at any time in case the alignment error is too big.

### Alignment object screen

Alignment object screen presents the following information:



where:

- ① – Currently catalogue
- ② – Currently selected object's azimuth
- ③ – Currently selected object's RA
- ④ – Object's information
- ⑤ – Currently selected object
- ⑥ – Currently selected object's altitude
- ⑦ – Telescope's AZ/RA
- ⑧ – Telescope's Altitude/Declination
- ⑨ – Currently selected object's declination

### Pointing accuracy

Pointing accuracy depends on a number of factors:

- Quality of the telescope mount

- Choice of alignment stars
- Accuracy in pointing on alignment objects

To achieve the best pointing accuracy with an Altitude-Azimuth mount it is recommended that:

- The alignment stars chosen should always be at 30 to 80 degrees in altitude and separated by at least 70 degrees in azimuth.
- Alignment stars should ideally have at least a few degrees separation in altitude
- Polaris can be used as one of the alignment stars

To achieve the best pointing accuracy on an Equatorial mount it is recommended that:

- Polaris should never be used as one of the alignment stars
- Alignment stars with a declination greater than 80 degrees should be avoided
- The alignment stars chosen should always be at 30 to 80 degrees in altitude and separated by at least 70 degrees in RA.

### Locating an object

Once the two star alignment is performed Nexus DSC can locate celestial object in the sky.

The following steps describe a basic method of location of celestial objects.

Go to the top menu and select **Find**:



Select **From Catalogues**:



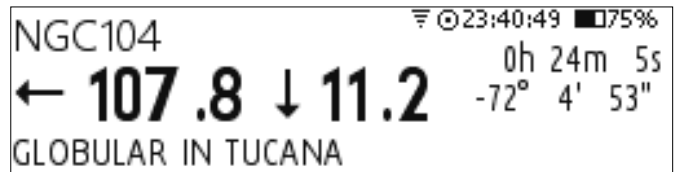
Select a catalogue by using the  $\blacktriangle$  and  $\blacktriangledown$  keys:



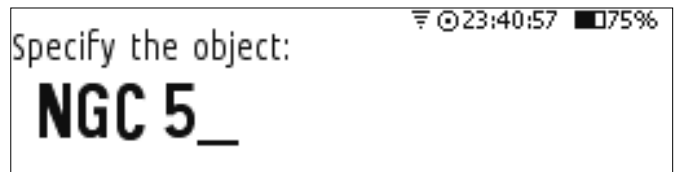
And just leave the **Filter** as **Disable** for now:



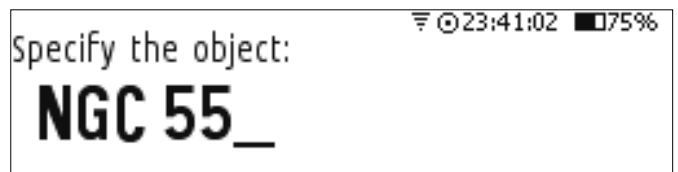
The display will show the last selected object:



Suppose we would like to find NGC55. Just press the  $\text{5}$  key and the display will prompt to continue typing the object number:



Now press the  $\text{5}$  key again and then press  $\text{OK}$ :



Nexus DSC will now show where to move the telescope to aim at NGC55:

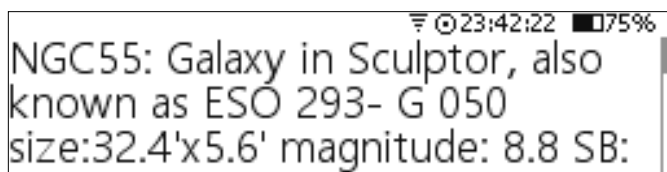


It shows that the telescope needs to be moved down by 6.9 degrees and counter clockwise by 59.7 degrees. As you start moving the telescope the numbers will start updating. Continue to move until both numbers are close to 0s:



If you look through the eyepiece then you will see NGC55 there now.

To display additional information about the object just press ◀ or ▶ key:



Pressing ◀, ▶ or ESC will take you back to the previous screen.

**!** If a description for the object fits on one screen then no scroll bar is displayed on the right.

## Nexus DSC's menus

### Settings

Nexus DSC has a number of parameters that can be adjusted. All of the adjustable parameters are stored in non-volatile memory and will be used every time you turn Nexus DSC on.

**!** Please note that all settings can be reset back to their default values by turning Nexus DSC on while holding the ESC key. You will be asked to confirm the reset to the factory settings.

### Telescope

Nexus DSC needs the mount type and encoder steps to be set correctly before it can be used to locate celestial object precisely.

The mount type and encoder steps are set in the Telescope Settings that can be accessed by selecting **Setting** from the main menu:

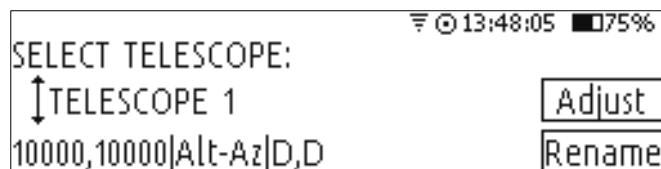


then by selecting **Telescope**:



Nexus DSC supports up to five different telescope configurations. Each telescope configuration has its own mount type, encoder steps, altitude reference angle value. Having different telescope configurations allows you to use Nexus DSC with different telescopes without spending time on setting all parameters.

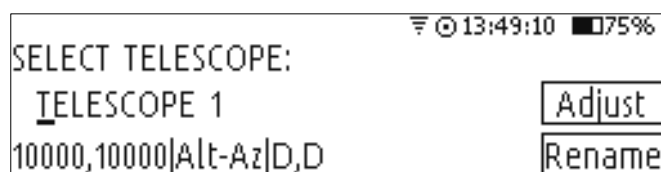
Then you need to select the telescope:



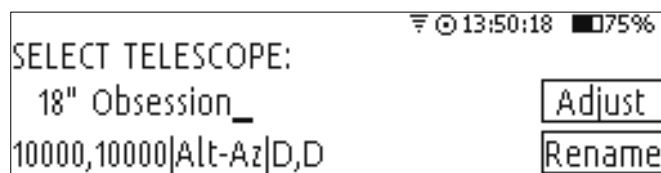
▲ and ▼ keys are used to switch between telescope configurations.

**!** To select a telescope configuration without changing any parameters just press the ESC key.

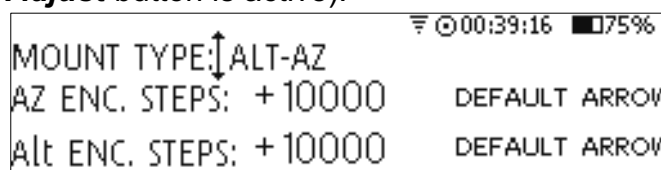
You can also rename **TELESCOPE 1** to your telescope name. You just need to activate the **Rename** button by using ▶ and then press the OK key. A text cursor now appears under the name:



You will now be able to edit the name and change it to your telescope name:

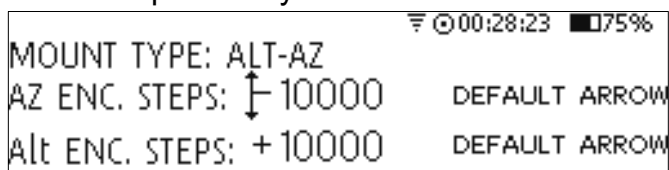


Now you need to set other parameters for your telescope (by pressing the OK key when the **Adjust** button is active):

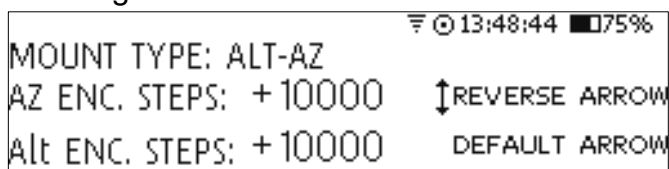


where the mount type can be selected by using ▲ and ▼ keys. The encoder steps are set to 10000 steps by default and should be set to the

number of steps corresponding to the number of steps installed on your telescope. Encoder steps can be set by using the numeric keys on the keypad. Change the sign to negative if required as described previously:



Nexus DSC has a provision for changing the default direction of the arrows indicating where to move the telescope. It can be changed by selecting **REVERSE ARROW**:



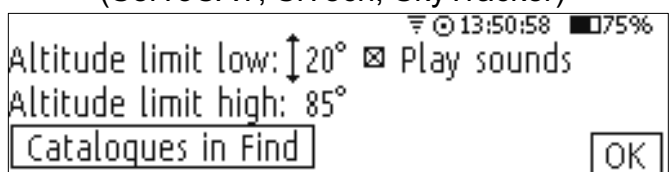
### Other Parameters

The Other Parameters menu is to set other settings that do not fall under a specific category for your Nexus DSC.



Altitude limits can be specified that are used for:

- Limiting a range of objects' search in **Tour** modes
- Limiting slewing the telescope when Nexus DSC is used with a motor controller (ServoCAT, SiTech, SkyTracker)



Sounds are played during the alignment. Pressing the **Catalogues in Find** button will allow you to select which catalogues to show in the **Find** mode.

### Communications

Communications menu allows to set parameters for serial port and USB port. Please select **Communications** from the **Settings** menu:



### USB

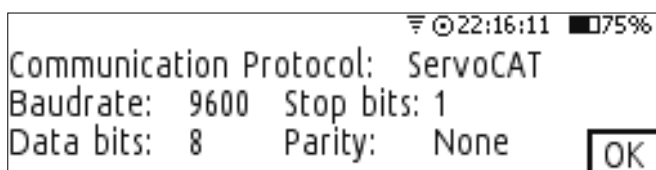
USB port settings are set by selecting the **USB** menu:



Nexus DSC supports interfacing to ServoCAT through the USB port for performing GOTO commands from a planetarium application. For third generation of ServoCAT you will need a USB cable supplied with ServoCAT, for first and second generation of ServoCAT a USB to serial adapter is required – the adapter must be based either on FT232 chipset, on CP210x chipset or on PL2303 chipset. Please contact Astro Devices for a list of compatible USB to serial adapters.

For operating Nexus DSC with ServoCAT it is necessary to set a few parameters:

- *Communication protocol* set to **ServoCAT**
- *Baud rate* set to 9600
- *Stop bits* set to 1
- *Data bits* set to 8
- *Parity* set to None



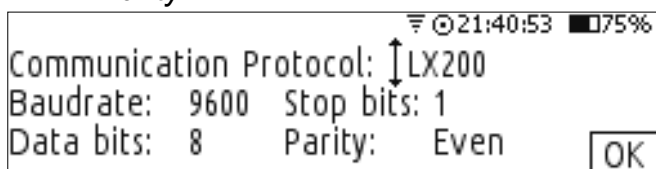
### Serial

Serial port parameters are set by selecting the **Serial** menu:



Now the serial port parameters can be adjusted as required:

- *Communication protocol*
- *Baud rate*
- *Stop bits*
- *Data bits*
- *Parity*



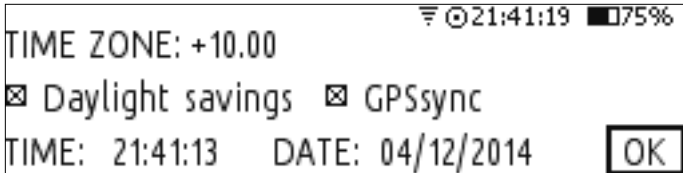
## Time and Date


Nexus DSC has a built-in battery backed real time clock with temperature compensation.

To set the time you need to select **Time & Date**:



then the time settings can be adjusted:



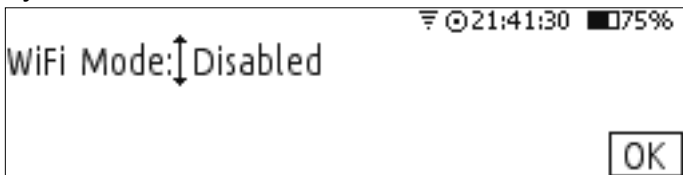
 The easiest method of setting the time and date parameters is to set *TIME ZONE*, *Daylight Savings* and *Date* (day/month/year), enable *GPSSync* and then step outside to allow the GPS receiver to get a fix on the location and the time will be set automatically.

## WiFi

Nexus DSC's optional WiFi interface can be disabled, set to *Access Point* mode (when Nexus DSC acts as a WiFi access point thus allowing other devices to join its network) or it can be set to *Infrastructure* mode (for connecting to an existing WiFi network). To change various WiFi parameters can be done by choosing *Settings->WiFi*:



By default the WiFi is disabled.

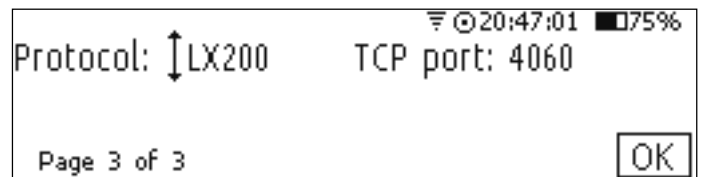
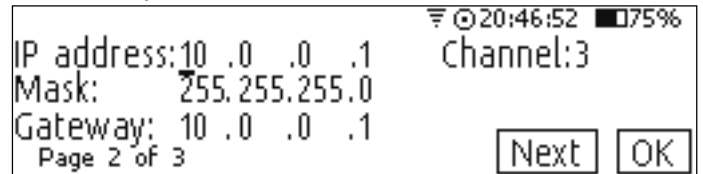



The easiest way of using Nexus DSC with a smartphone/tablet/laptop is to switch the WiFi to *Access Point* mode:



If default parameters are to be used then after changing *WiFi Mode* to *Access Point* just press the **OK** key until *Next* button on the screen is flashing then press **▶** key to activate **OK** button on the screen and press the **OK** key.

Otherwise two other pages allow changing all available parameters:



 Please note that this password needs to be at least 8 characters long. If *Password* is set to *Password* (case sensitive) then Nexus DSC will create an open WiFi network.

## Display/Keypad

Nexus DSC allows you to adjust the brightness of display and of the keys' backlight. The display brightness has a range from 0 to 31 (31 is the maximum) while the back light has a range from 0 to 100 (0 will turn the back light off while 100 is the maximum level).

To adjust the levels of brightness is access through **Display/Keypad**:



which bring up the controls:



Use ◀ and ▶ keys to switch between *Display* and *Keypad* and ▲ and ▼ keys to adjust the levels.

Once you have adjusted the brightness levels to the ones you desire move to OK button on the screen and press the (OK) key to save them.

## Align

Align menu contains all functions handling the telescope alignment:

- Altitude reference alignment
- First object alignment
- Second object alignment
- Alignment status
- Mpoint start
- Mpoint parameters
- Mpoint analyse
- Equatorial platform timer

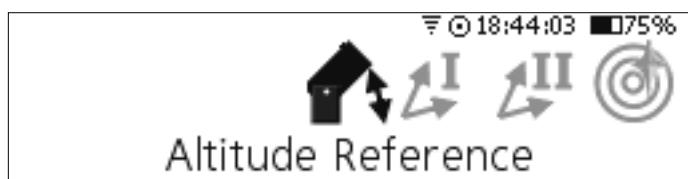
All alignment functions are accessed by selecting **Align** from the top level menu:



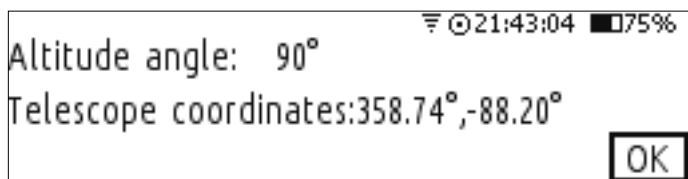
## Altitude Reference

The first step of the telescope alignment is to set the initial altitude reference.

It is done by selecting **Altitude Reference** from the **Align** menu:

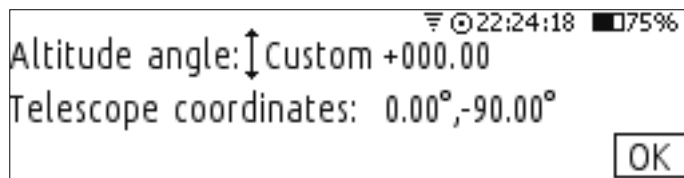
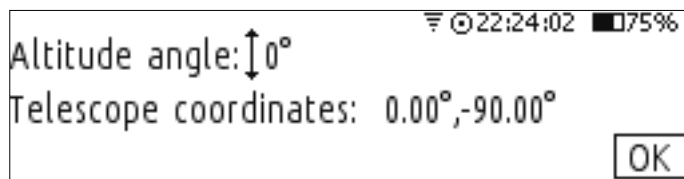
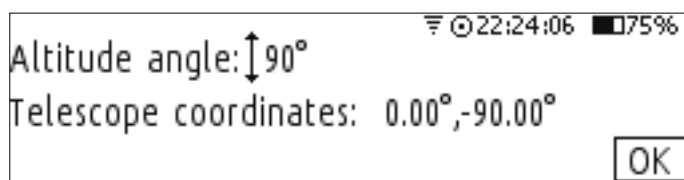


Now you can select the initial altitude reference angle:

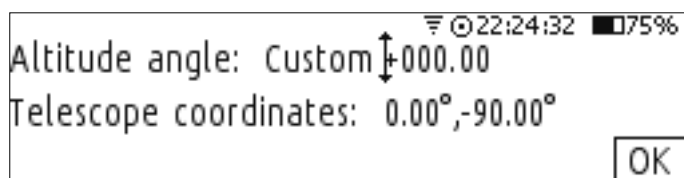


There are three choices with the angle:

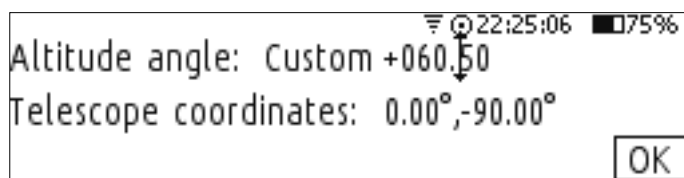
- 90°
- 0°
- Custom



The custom angle can be set with a precision of 1/100 of a degree. Once *Custom* is selected you can change the integer part (from -180° to +180°) using ▲ and ▼ keys:



And then you can set the fractional part using ▲ and ▼ keys:



## First Object Alignment


You can choose first alignment object by selecting **First object alignment** from the **Align** menu:

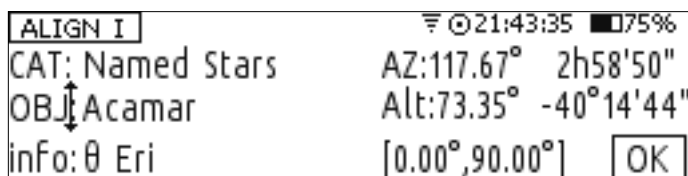


Use ◀ and ▶ keys to activate a selection list for the catalogue (*CAT*) and a selection list for objects (*OBJ*). Use ▲ and ▼ keys to change the selection.

Aim the telescope at the selected object using an eyepiece with a reticle or a high magnification



eyepiece and once the object is in the centre press  key:



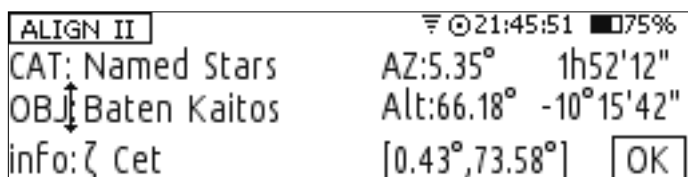
Nexus DSC will automatically switch to the **Second object alignment**.


## Second Object Alignment

You can choose first alignment object by selecting **Second object alignment** from the **Align** menu if Nexus DSC did not activate it automatically – for example, if you decided that the telescope was not aimed at the second alignment object precisely.



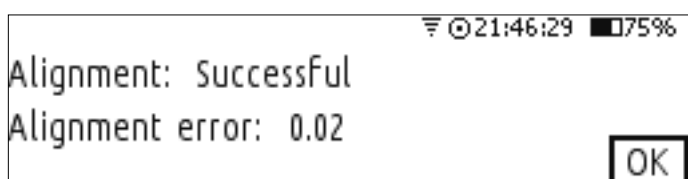
Please repeat the procedure describe above for the second alignment:



 Nexus DSC will store your selection of alignment catalogues and objects in non-volatile memory which means that you don't need to change the selection next time you observe.

## Alignment Status

The alignment status shows whether the two star alignment was successful (it will show the error if unsuccessful) and how accurate the alignment was achieved (in degrees). Any value in range - 0.0 to 0.5 is good for visual observing – the smaller the value the better.



## Mpoint Start

Every telescope has some kind of imperfections:

- Fabrication errors
- Mechanical and optical axes not being perpendicular
- Flexure of telescope mechanical structure

Nexus DSC can compensate for most of systematic errors.

Mpoint calculates a mathematical model of your telescope and performs pointing corrections in real time.

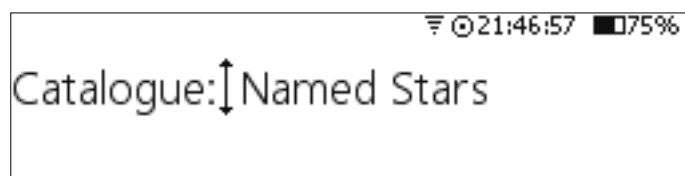
Using Mpoint telescope pointing correction involves:

1. Performing the initial two star alignment
2. Starting an Mpoint run of calibration objects (from 4 to 128 objects)
3. Analysing the results
4. Enabling the model to be used for pointing corrections

The first step has been described earlier. The second steps starts with selecting **Mpoint Start** from the **Align** menu:

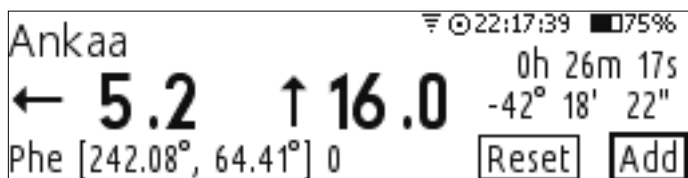


Then you can select a catalogue of objects to be used as calibration objects:



It is always better to use either *Named Stars* catalogue or *Bright Stars* catalogue for calibration objects as it is much easier to put stars in centre of eyepiece. It is best to use an eyepiece with a reticle for the calibration run to achieve the precise pointing of the telescope at calibration objects. It is also advisable to use stars that are currently at 30° to 80° in altitude (the current altitude is displayed in square brackets at the bottom of the screen).

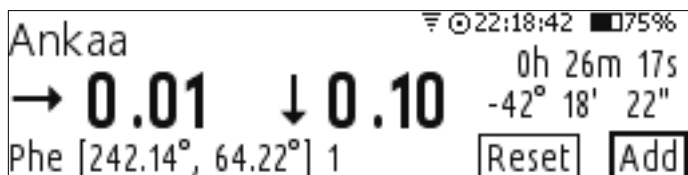
Once you selected a catalogue you can start the calibration run:



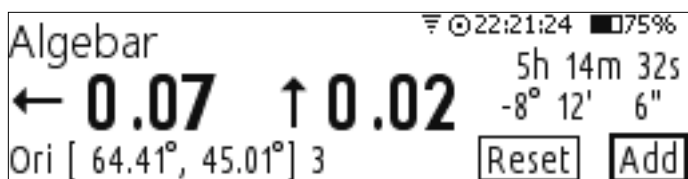
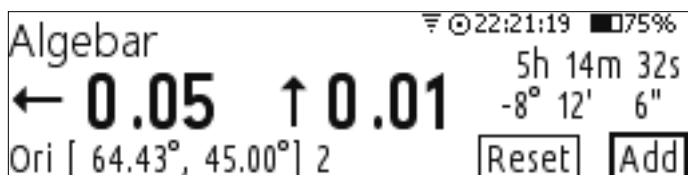
The screen shows you where to move the telescope to *Ankaa* in this example. Move move the telescope and put the star in the centre of your eyepiece as precise as possible:



Now press the **OK** key. You will see that the counter at the bottom of the screen (after the closing square bracket) has been incremented and became 1:



Now continue the calibration run until you collect enough calibration stars:

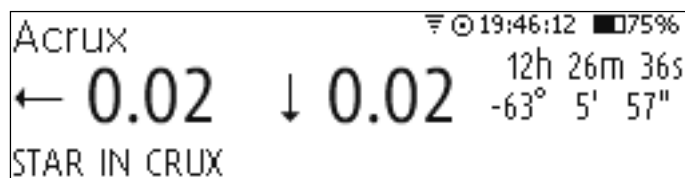


It is always good to have the calibration stars spread across the whole sky for achieving the best results.

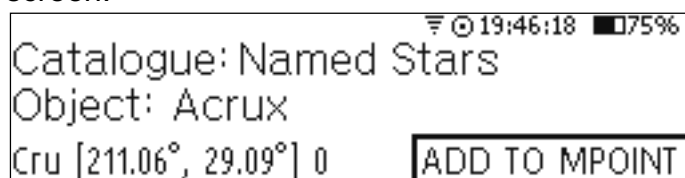
### [Adding calibration stars in Find/Identify/Tour modes](#)

It is also possible to add calibration stars in Find/Identify/Tour modes. The two star alignment needs to be performed before adding calibration stars for MPoint analysis.

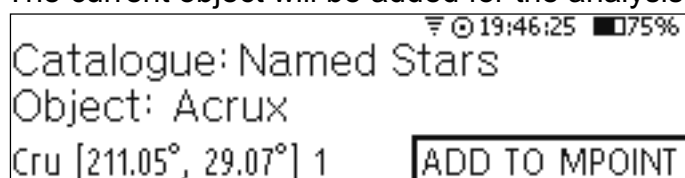
For example, in *Find* mode when Acrux is shown and the telescope has it in the centre of the field of view:



Pressing the **◀** key will display the following screen:



The current object will be added for the analysis:



The same procedure is used in Identify and Tour modes. The screen will show:



Pressing the **◀** key will display the following screen:



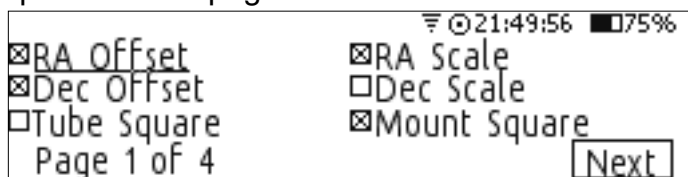
### Mpoint Parameters

Once you performed the calibration run on a good number of stars (>7) you can select which errors you would like to account for. There is a mathematical formula associated with each error and it is referred to as a term. You can select which terms to use for your telescope model by selecting **Mpoint Parameters** from the **Align** menu:

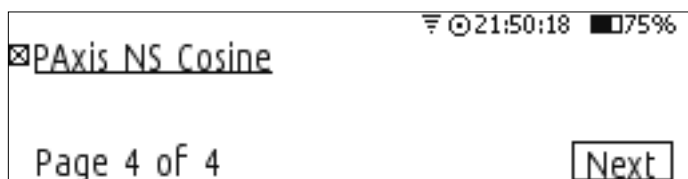
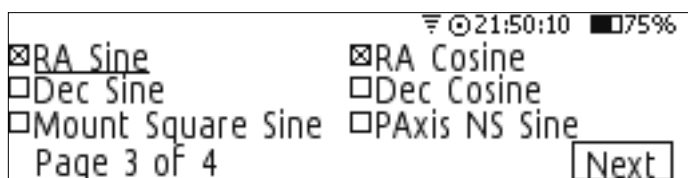
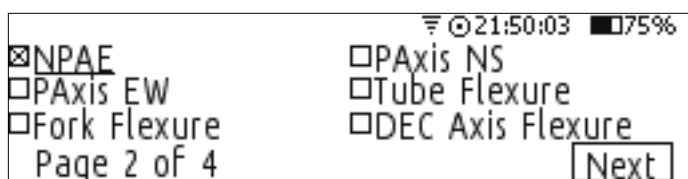


Use ◀ and ▶ keys to choose a check box for a term. Use ▲ and ▼ keys to enable/disable the term.

The bottom left corner of the screen show a page number of terms. There are currently 19 terms spread over 4 pages.



Activate the *Next* button and press (OK) key to go to the next page:



Term	Mount Type	Description
PAxis NS	AltAz	Azimuth Axis Misalignment North-South (AN)
PAxis EW	AltAz	Azimuth Axis Misalignment East-West (AW)
Tube Flexure	AltAz	Tube Flexure (TF)
Fork Flexure	EQ	For fork mounts - the flexure in fork arms
DEC Axis Flexure	EQ	Declination Axis flexure (DAF)
RA Sine	All	AZ Sine for AltAz (HCES)
RA Cosine	All	(HCEC)
Dec Sine	All	(DCES)
Dec Cosine	All	(DCEC)
Mount Square Sine	EQ	
PAxis NS Sine	EQ	Polar Axis North-South Misalignment Sine
PAxis NS Cosine	EQ	Polar Axis North-South Misalignment Cosine

The terms above are in the order of significance.

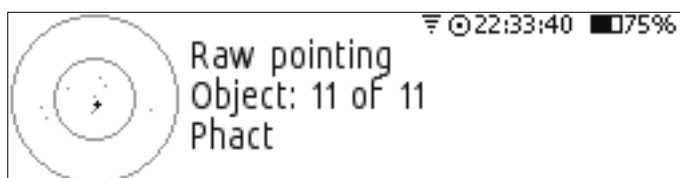
Term	Mount Type	Description
RA Offset	All	IA (AZ offset for AltAz)
RA Scale	All	Usually equal 1
Dec Offset	All	IE (Alt offset for AltAz)
Dec Scale	All	Usually equal 1
Tube Square	AltAz	or Collimation error: for Alt/Azimuth mounts it is non perpendicularity between pointing direction and altitude axis.
Mount Square	EQ	Non-perpendicular error - in equatorial mount if the RA and Declination axes are not perpendicular.
NPAE	AltAz	non perpendicular axis error

### Mpoint Edit Points






Once the telescope is aligned on a number of objects you can check how they errors are distributed in relation to the average centre. To see all alignment objects' error distribution you need to select **Mpoint Edit Points**:



This screen shows a diagram that has pointing errors shown as dots relative to the centre point:





The first line on the right shows the pointing type, next line shows the current point (object) and the last line shows the object name.

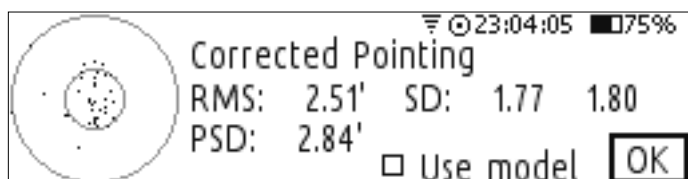
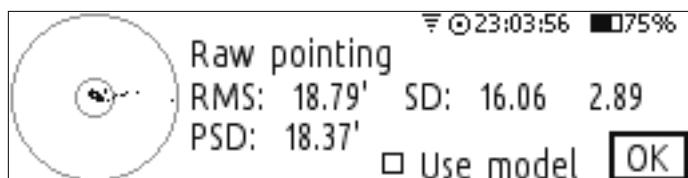
You can switch between *Raw Pointing* errors (uncorrected pointing without the pointing model) and *Corrected pointing* by using  and  keys. To go to next/previous point use  and  keys. To delete a point press  key.

## Mpoint Analyse

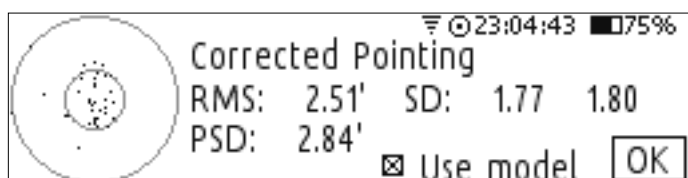
Once you aligned your telescope on a reasonable number of calibration stars and selected terms that you want to use for your telescope's model you can analyse the results. Select **Mpoint Analyse** from the **Align** menu:



The screen will show a diagram for two modes – *Raw Pointing* (without the model) and *Corrected Pointing* (when using the model calculated). You can switch between them by using  and  keys:



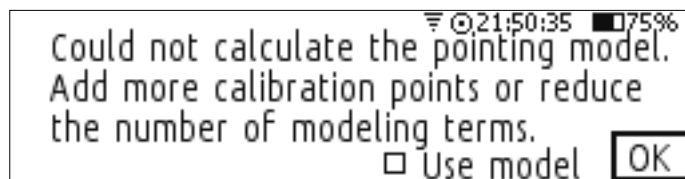
If you the results are suitable then you can enable using the calculated model for telescope pointing:



If you wish to adjust the model then you can:

- Add more calibration stars
- Add or delete which terms are used for the model

If you did not align on a sufficient number of calibration stars then the following error message will be displayed:



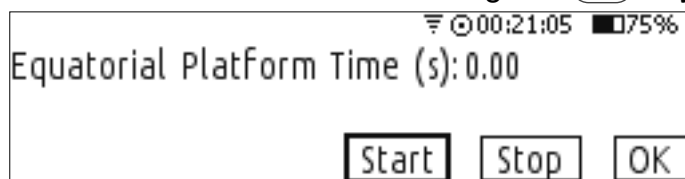
## Equatorial Timer


*Equatorial Timer* is intended to be used when Nexus DSC is operated with a telescope mounted on an equatorial platform.

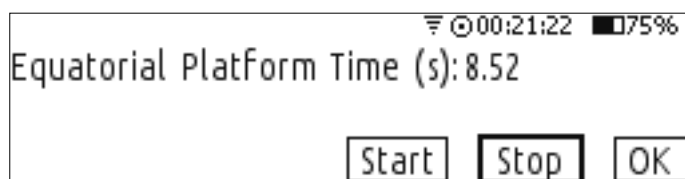
Once you performed the two star alignment (with the platform in its starting but stopped position) you need to start the equatorial platform and the equatorial timer at the same time. You can access the timer control by selecting **EQ Platform Timer** from the **Align** menu:




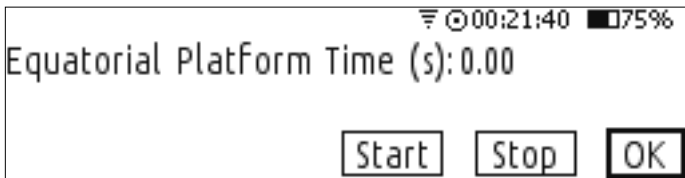
Then activate the **Start** button using use  key:



And press the  key and start the equatorial table at the same time. You will see that the timer starts incrementing:



When the equatorial platform reaches its end position you can stop the timer by selecting it is necessary to stop the equatorial timer by selecting **EQ Platform Timer** from the **Align** menu, activating the **Stop** button and pressing the  key. The timer value is reset:



After moving the platform to its starting position you will need to start the equatorial platform timer again using the procedure described above.

## Find

Nexus DSC allows you to locate celestial objects by using one of the following modes:

- From Catalogues
- From Observation List
- Object At RA/Dec
- From Planetarium

The following sections describe each mode in detail.

### From Catalogues

This mode allows you to locate objects from extensive range of catalogues:

Abell Planetaries, Arp Peculiar Galaxies, Caldwell, Collinder, ESO, Herschel (full catalogue), Hickson Compact Groups, King, LBN, Messier, Minkowski planetaries, Markarian galaxies, IC, NGC, Sharpless, Stock, Trumpler, UGC.

First you need to select a catalogue:



Nexus DSC allows you to use different filters to limit the list of objects. The **Filter** determines a criteria for showing you a list of objects:

- **Disable** – all objects from selected catalogue are shown
- **Constellation** – only objects from the specified constellation are shown.
- **Object Type** – only objects of the specified type are shown
- **Magnitude** – the top of the list will be at the object of the specified magnitude

Nexus DSC has a support for locating comets and asteroids. It is necessary to load orbital elements for comets and asteroids you require from <http://www.minorplanetcenter.net>:

- Go to <http://www.minorplanetcenter.net>
- Select Observers->Orbital Elements->Orbital elements for Software

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- Click on MPC Format
- Download all or selected few files and copy the downloaded files to the micro SD card (file names are: Soft00Bright.txt, Soft00Cmt.txt, Soft00CritList.txt, Soft00Distant.txt and Soft00Unusual.txt)
- Turn Nexus DSC on and you will see additional catalogues – Bright Asteroids, Comets, Critical List Asteroids, Distant Asteroids, Unusual Asteroids; the list of new catalogues will depend on which orbitals elements are loaded onto the micro SD card

### Disable

Use this mode when you wish to locate any object from the specified catalogue. After selecting a catalogue just press (OK) key twice:



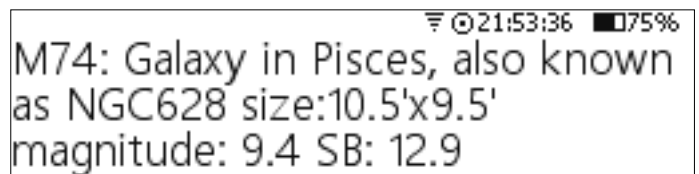
Now you can see the last selected object in the catalogue:



You can go to previous/next object in the catalogue by pressing (▲) / (▼) keys.

You can now move the telescope in directions of the arrows until the numbers become 0s to point the telescope at the selected object.

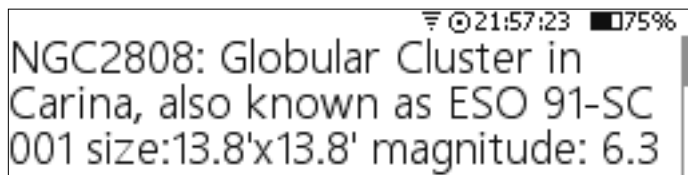
Nexus DSC allows you to show additional information on the current object. This information is accessed by pressing (◀) or (▶) key:



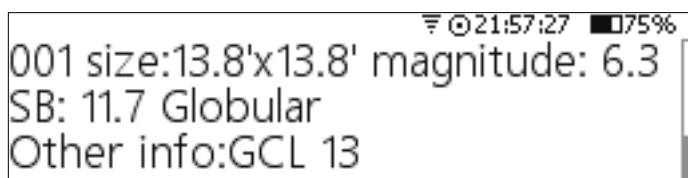
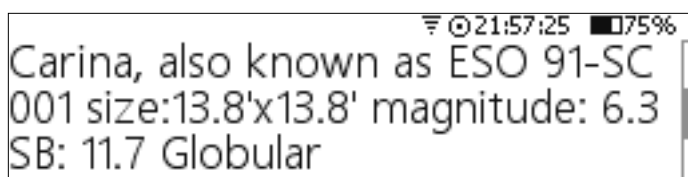
! Please note that you cannot go to previous/next object in the catalogue by pressing (▲) / (▼) keys while the description is shown on the screen – you need

to go back to previous screen by pressing ◀ or ▶ key first.

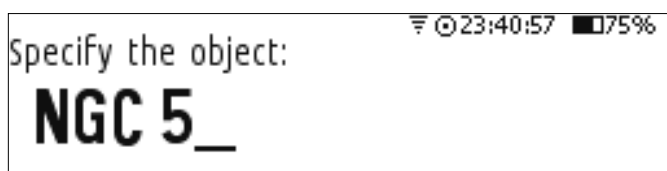
If the current object's description does not fit on one screen then a scroll bar is shown on the right:



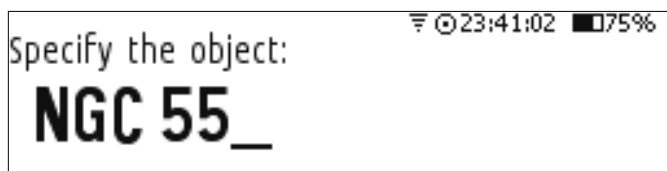
You can use ▲ and ▼ keys to scroll the description up and down:



To go to an object quickly and easy you can start typing the object's number. For example, if you wish to go to NGC55 then after you pressed 5 key the display will prompt to continue typing the object number:



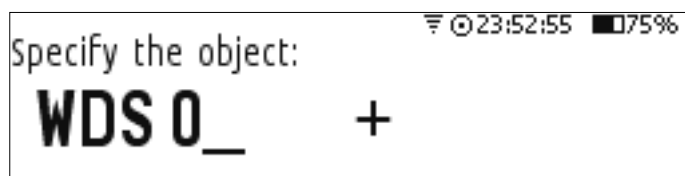
Now press the 5 key again and then press OK:



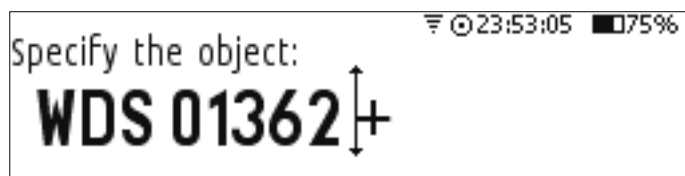
Nexus DSC will now show where to move the telescope to aim at NGC55:



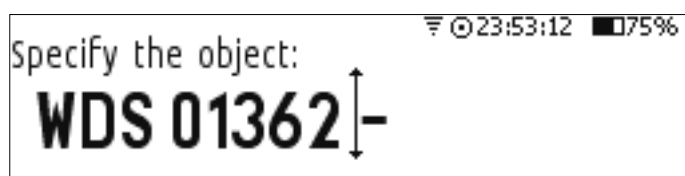
Some catalogues require a bit more complex input. For example if you wish to locate WDS01362-5732 then you need to press 0 key first:



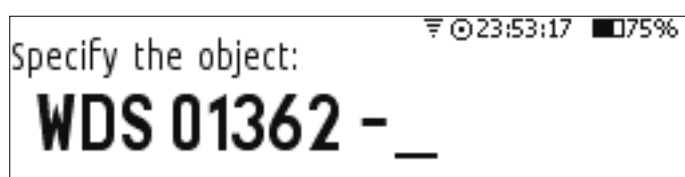
then continue typing 1362 until you get to the sign:



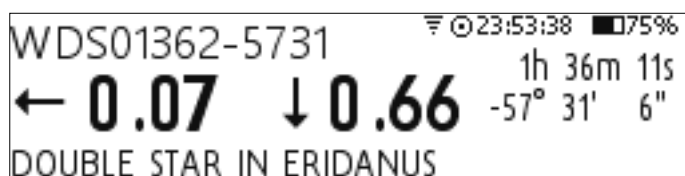
Then you need to change the sign by pressing ▲ or ▼ key:



After changing the sign press OK:



Now finish typing the rest – 5732 and Nexus DSC will automatically switch back to the previous screen showing where to move the telescope to find WDS01362-5732:



A similar approach applies to some other catalogues like ESO, Herschel and others.

! Please note that this quick access to objects is only available when the **Filter** is set to *Disable*.

The last selection of the catalogue and object will be save in non-volatile memory.

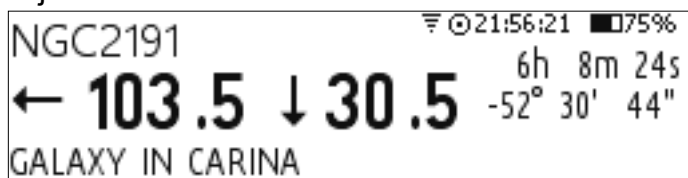
### Constellation

This mode is used when you need to find objects from a catalogue that are situated in one constellation.

You can select a constellation once **Filter** is set to *Constellation*:



Pressing (OK) key now will take you to the first object in the selected constellation:



Pressing (▲) / (▼) key will switch the screen to next/previous object in the constellation.

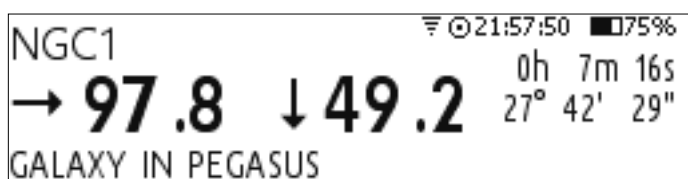
### Object Type

This mode is used when only objects of a certain type need to be shown.

You can select an object type once **Filter** is set to *Object Type*:



Pressing (OK) key now will take you to the first object of the selected type:



Pressing (▲) / (▼) key will switch the screen to next/previous object of the selected object type.

### Magnitude

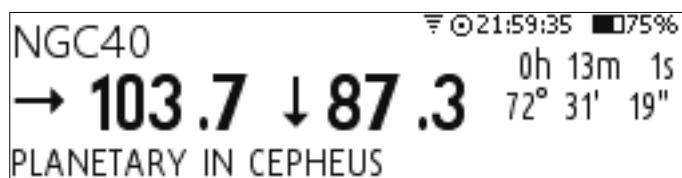
You can use this mode when you need to shown objects whose magnitude is brighter than a certain value.

You can set the maximum magnitude once **Filter** is set to *Magnitude*:



Pressing (▲) / (▼) key increase/decrease the magnitude limit.

Pressing (OK) key now will take you to the first object whose magnitude is equal or lower than the specified magnitude:



Pressing (▲) key will go to the object whose magnitude values is greater or equal the specified magnitude while pressing (▼) key will switch to object whose magnitude value is lower than the specified magnitude.

### From Observation List

Nexus DSC supports observation lists in SkySafari's format. Most popular observation planning applications support export of observation lists in SkySafari's format (Astro Planner, Deep Sky Planner and SkyTools). SkySafari can also be used to create observation lists. Please refer to the user manual of your favourite application on instructions on how to export an observation list. An observation list will have *.skylist* file extension. The exported observation list needs to be copied to the root of the micro SD card. Once the observation list is copied to the micro SD card Nexus DSC will be able to guide you to an object from the list.

To find an object from an observation list is achieved by selecting **Find->From ObservationList**.




Nexus DSC will show the currently selected observation list and the number of objects on the list:





Pressing  /  key will select a different list:




Pressing  key now will select the first object from the list:



Pressing  /  key will select next/previous object from the list:



 Please note that Nexus DSC will only be able to show an object from the observation list if it exists in one of the Nexus DSC's databases.

### Object at RA/Dec

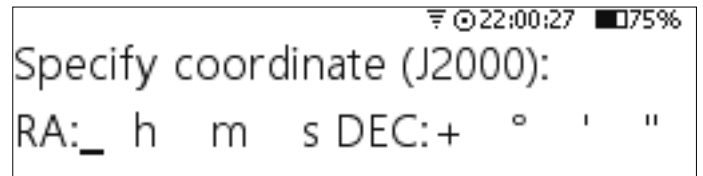
Nexus DSC allows you to find an object whose coordinates are specified manually.



This mode can be used if you need to find an object that is not included in any of the Nexus DSC's databases. You need to specify the coordinate of an object in J2000 epoch.

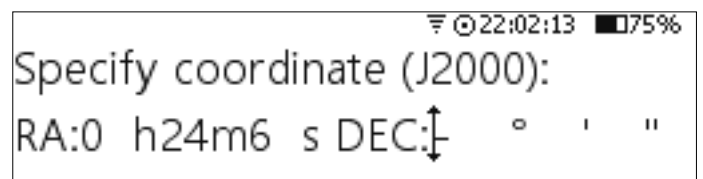
This mode is activate by selecting **Object at RA/Dec**:



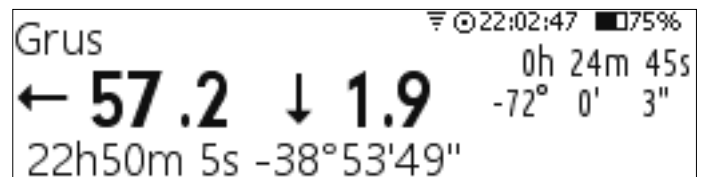
Now you need to specify the coordinate:



You can change the sign for the declination by using  and  keys:



After the coordinate has been specified Nexus DSC will show where to move the telescope to point at the object:



Nexus DSC shows the current telescope position at the bottom of the screen and on the right is the coordinate of the object transformed to the current epoch. The top left corner show the constellation where the telescope is currently pointing.

### From Planetarium

Nexus DSC allows to connect to a planetarium software using either via the serial port or via optional WiFi interface.

A GOTO (even though Nexus DSC is a 'Push-To' system when used without motor controllers) command can be executed from the planetarium software and Nexus DSC will show where to move the telescope to point at the object.

This mode is entered by selecting **From Planetarium** from the **Find** menu:





Nexus DSC shows the current telescope position at the bottom of the screen and on the right is the coordinate of the object that was received from the planetarium software. The top left corner shows the constellation where the telescope is currently pointing.



### Identify

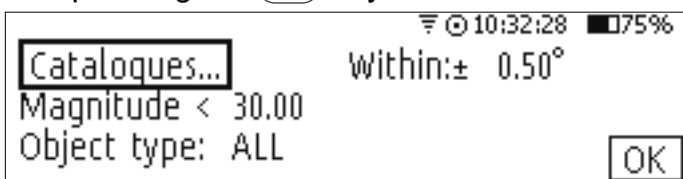
Nexus DSC can identify celestial objects in the sky. This mode is activated by selecting **Identify** from the top menu:



In the **Identify** mode you can select catalogues of objects where Nexus DSC will try to find an object that is most close to the current telescope coordinate. Object type, limiting magnitude and search radius can also be specified.



You can select catalogues by pressing the ◀ key until the 'Catalogues...' is highlighted and then pressing the (OK) key:



A list of catalogues included in the search will be shown:



Catalogues with the check mark are used to perform the search.

Nexus DSC will generate a list of all objects of selected type in the vicinity of the current telescope coordinate. The list can contain up to 128 entries and it is sorted based on a distance to the current telescope coordinate:



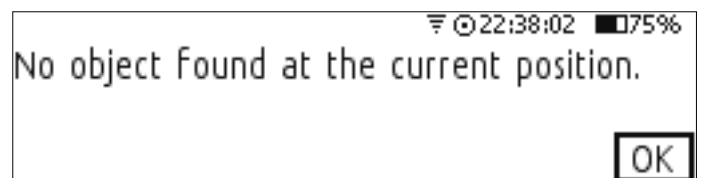
You can switch between objects from the list by using (▲) and (▼) keys:



Setting the 'Magnitude' field to 30 disables limiting magnitude and all objects will be added to the list irrespective of their magnitude.

**P** You can also use the **Identify** function of Nexus DSC when you wish to find other objects nearby.

Nexus DSC will show the following message when it cannot find any objects within the specified parameters:

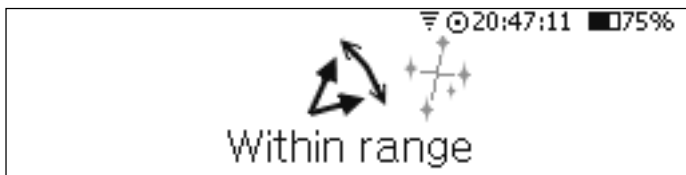


**!** It usually takes a short moment for Nexus DSC to generate the list. Please note however that for big catalogues (like PGC with more than 1.5 million entries) the search may take a considerable amount of time and that depends on the number of objects in the vicinity of the current telescope coordinate and also on the value of the search radius.

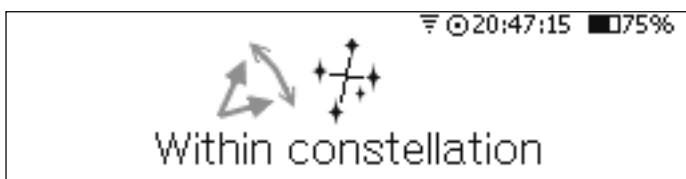
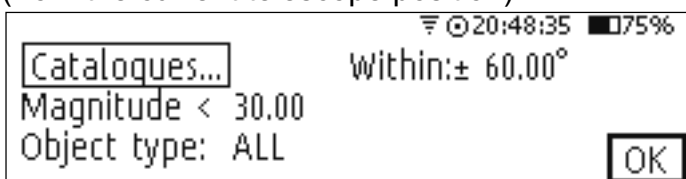
It is best not to have asteroids and comets enabled for Identify/Tour mode if they are not required as Nexus DSC will need to calculate the current coordinates for them every time Identify/Tour is selected and it can take a while.

## Tour

Nexus DSC has two *Tour* modes – *Within range* and *Within Constellation*:



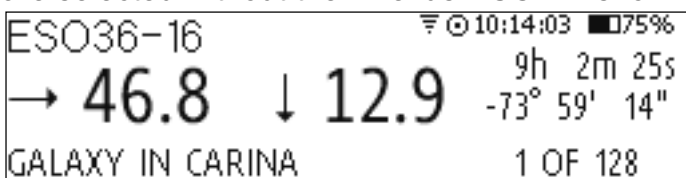
The tour mode *Within Range* allows you to find objects within specified search radius specified (from the current telescope position):



The *Within Constellation* mode allows one to search for objects within the selected constellation:



For example, if touring Carina and only galaxies are selected without then Nexus DSC will show:



Setting the *Object type* to *Open Cluster* will generate a smaller list:



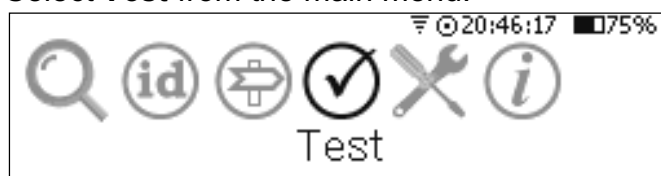
! Please note that some objects will have duplicate entries if they exist in several catalogues selected.

Setting the 'Magnitude' field to 30 disables limiting magnitude and all objects will be added to the list irrespective of their magnitude.

## Test

Nexus DSC has a test mode that will help you to diagnose a possible problem.

Select **Test** from the main menu:



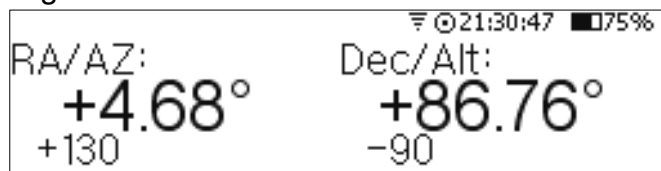
## Encoders

This mode allows you to test the connection with encoders and also to make sure that the encoder steps are set correctly.

Select **Encoders**:



It will show you the current encoder steps and angles:



In order for Nexus DSC to function correctly it is required to adjust the encoder steps to make sure that:

- the RA/AZ current position in degrees is increasing when rotating the telescope clockwise around RA/AZ axis
- the Dec/Alt current position in degrees is increasing when moving the telescope up in declination/altitude

If either of those values is not increasing then change the sign in front of the encoder steps to a negative sign if required as described previously.

## WiFi

This mode helps identify problems with WiFi connectivity. Select **WiFi**:



It will show you the IP address of your Nexus DSC, number of bytes received and number of bytes sent:



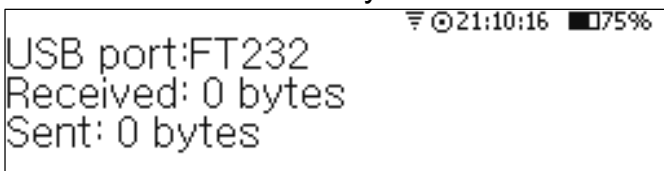
If some of the WiFi settings are incorrect then the IP address will be 0.0.0.0. This mode is also used to determine the IP address assigned by your WiFi network router when Nexus DSC is set to *Infrastructure* mode.

## USB

The USB test mode shows if there is a compatible serial USB adapter is connected to Nexus DSC.



It shows you the type of the adapter connected (FT232, CP210x or PL2303), number of bytes received and number of bytes sent:



## Serial

The Serial test mode will help you to determine if communications between a serial device connected to Nexus DSC (ServoCAT, SiTech or SkyTracker motor controller) are working.



It shows you the type of the communication protocol selected, number of bytes received and number of bytes sent:



## Utilities

### Update Catalogues from microSD

Nexus DSC stores most of catalogues on its internal flash memory. As improvements are made to the firmware there may be a need to update the catalogues as well. Please read the release notes to check if the catalogues are to be updated as well.

! Please note that if the catalogues are to be updated that it has to be done only after the firmware update.

To update the catalogues on internal flash memory please follow these steps:

- Download the firmware and catalogue update package from Downloads section of our website and decompress the archive to a folder on your computer
- Turn Nexus DSC off
- Remove the microSD card from Nexus DSC and insert it into a card reader
- Copy ADCTXXX.bin to the root folder of the microSD card and eject it from your computer and remove the card from the card reader
- Insert the microSD card into Nexus DSC facing up
- Turn Nexus DSC on
- Now you are ready to update the catalogues stored in Nexus DSC's internal flash memory

Select **Utilities** from the top menu:



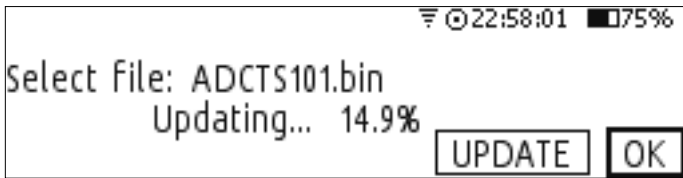
Now select **Update Catalogues from uSD**:



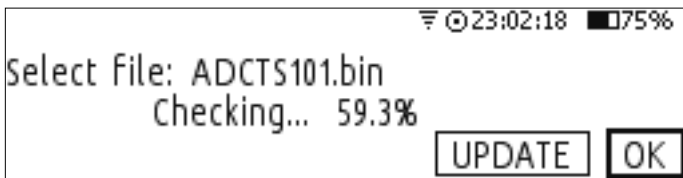
Nexus DSC allows will check what catalogue packages are available on the microSD card and allow you to select the package you just copied to the card:



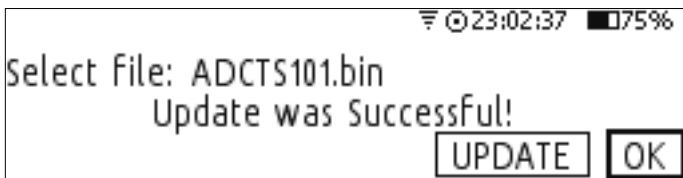
Now switch to the *Update* button on the screen and press **OK** key. Nexus DSC will start the update:



Nexus DSC will start checking the update to make sure the catalogues were copied without any problems:



Nexus DSC will show the following message once it updated the catalogues successfully:



Now you just need to power cycle Nexus DSC so it will start using the updated catalogues.

### Info

Nexus DSC displays various information to the user. It can be accessed by selecting **Info** from the main menu screen:

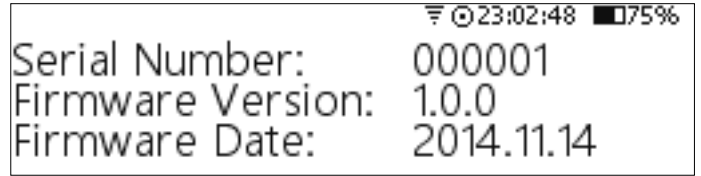


### About Nexus DSC

This screen is activated by selecting **About Nexus DSC**:



Once selected the display will present Nexus DSC's serial number, firmware version and firmware date (Year.month.day):



### Time

Nexus DSC can show local time, UTC and sidereal time. This is activated by selecting **Time**:



which presents:



For the local time to be correct the *time zone* and *daylight savings* must be set correctly in **Time and Date** settings.

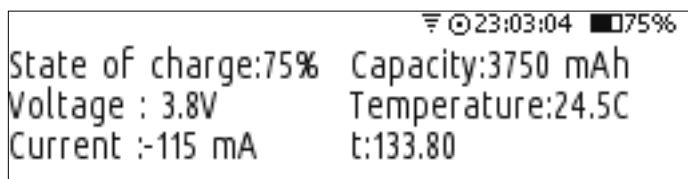
### Battery

Nexus DSC has a built-in battery fuel gauge that stays active even when Nexus DSC is turned off. Main parameters of the state of the battery can be accessed through the **Battery** menu:



Once selected Nexus DSC displays *state of charge* (**State of** charge, percentage of charge – 100% - fully charged, 0% - fully discharged), *remaining capacity* (**Capacity**, in mAh), current *battery voltage* (**Voltage**, nominal battery voltage

is 3.7V), *current temperature* inside Nexus DSC (**Temperature**, in degrees Celsius), *draw current* (**Current**, in mA, negative when the battery is discharging and positive when the battery is being charged from external power source) and *elapsed time since power up*(**t** , in seconds):



**P** Please note that the remaining capacity may be lower or higher than nominated 5000 mAh for the battery. It may take a few full charge/discharge cycles for Nexus DSC to adjust the value.

## GPS



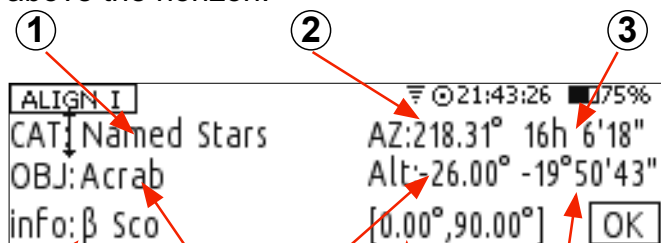
## Advanced Topics

### Daylight Testing

In order to test that everything is setup correctly you can perform a faux two star alignment during the day. It is especially important to do when Nexus DSC is used together with ServoCAT or SiTech controller.

The following procedure describes how to perform a faux two star alignment during the day:

1. Perform **Altitude Reference** alignment as described before.
2. Select the first alignment star that is currently above the horizon.



Nexus DSC shows the current azimuth and altitude for the selected alignment object ((2) and (6) above)

3. Move the telescope until its azimuth ((7)) and altitude ((8)) match the ones of the alignment object.
4. Make sure that the OK button on the screen is active (flashing), use (▶) to move to it if not. Press (OK) key now.
5. Perform the same steps (2-4) for the second alignment object.
6. The alignment error should be very small.

Once Nexus DSC is aligned you can go to the main menu, go to **Find->From Catalogue**, select an object from a catalogue and perform a GOTO.

## Firmware Update

The firmware update is performed using a USB memory stick formatted as FAT32.

Download Nexus DSC firmware package from the *Downloads* section of our website. Please read the release notes for the firmware package to check if you need to update the catalogues on internal flash memory. The catalogues are updated using a microSD card.

The following steps describe the firmware update procedure:

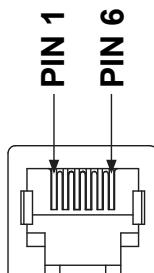
- Plug the USB memory stick into your computer and make sure that it is formatted as FAT32
- Copy the firmware image (**nxdsc.hex**) from uncompressed package to the USB memory
- Make sure Nexus DSC has more than 20% battery charge left
- Turn Nexus DSC off
- Plug the USB memory stick into Nexus DSC's USB port
- Press and hold the (OK) button and turn Nexus DSC on
- Wait for 5 seconds and release the (OK) button
- The LED of the (ESC) button will first flash rapidly and then slowly while the firmware is being updated
- Wait for around 30 seconds until the main menu appears on the screen
- Now you can go to **Info->About Nexus DSC** and verify that the firmware version is correct
- Done!

## Appendix

### Ports Pinouts

#### Serial Port

Nexus DSC has one RS-232 serial port. It uses a standard 6P6C connector. The pins are numbered according to the following diagram:

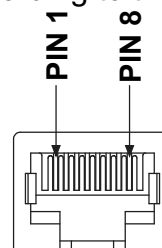


The pins description is as follows:

Port	Pin	Description
Serial	1	Ground
	2	TxD – transmitted data (output)
	3	RxD – received data (input)
	4	Ground
	5	Ground
	6	Not connected

#### Encoders Port

Nexus has a standard RJ-45 connector to connect it to rotary encoders of your telescope. The pins are numbered according to the following diagram:



The pin descriptions are in the following table:

Pin	Description
1	Channel B of Azimuth or RA encoder
2	+5 V
3	Channel A of Azimuth or RA encoder
4	Ground
5	Channel B of Altitude or Declination encoder
6	+5V
7	Channel A of Altitude or Declination encoder
8	Ground

**! WARNING:** Nexus DSC's encoders' inputs do have input protection but care must be taken not to exceed the maximum input voltage of +5V DC on any input, and the inputs should never be driven to negative voltages below GROUND. This will cause permanent damage to the internal circuits of Nexus DSC. Nexus DSC only works with TTL (Transistor-Transistor Logic) rotary encoders with quadrature output.

## List of Compatible Planetarium Software

Nexus DSC is compatible with most planetarium software packages that support LX200 protocol. You can also use planetarium software that supports ASCOM platform (<http://ascom-standards.org>). The table below lists just a few software packages that Nexus DSC was tested with.

Software Name	Platform	Website
AstroPlanner	Windows Mac OS X	<a href="http://www.astroplanner.net/">http://www.astroplanner.net/</a>
Cartes du Ciel	Windows	<a href="http://sourceforge.net/projects/skychart/">http://sourceforge.net/projects/skychart/</a>
DeepSky	Windows	<a href="http://www.deepsky2000.net">http://www.deepsky2000.net</a>
Hallo northern sky	Windows	<a href="http://www.hnsky.org/">http://www.hnsky.org/</a>
Megastar	Windows	<a href="http://www.willbell.com/">http://www.willbell.com/</a>
SkySafari Plus/Pro	Android iOS MacOS X	<a href="http://www.southernstars.com/">http://www.southernstars.com/</a>
Starry Night®	Windows	<a href="http://www.starrynightstore.com">http://www.starrynightstore.com</a>
TheSky 6	Windows	<a href="http://www.bisque.com">http://www.bisque.com</a>

## FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS (FAQ)

**Q:** What kind of power source can I use to power Nexus DSC?

**A:** Nexus DSC can be powered with a DC power source with a voltage from 5V to 16V. The power source must be capable of supplying at least 2A at 5V or 1A at 12V for best results.

**Q:** How long does the fully charged Nexus DSC 's battery last?

**A:** The running time depends on a number of factors: type of the encoders used, whether the WiFi is enabled or not, display brightness level, keypad backlight brightness to a lesser extent. Assuming that telescope is equipped with US Digital S2/S6, 10000 steps optical encoders and the display brightness level set to minimum level, the battery will last around 16 hours with WiFi enabled and around 22 hours with WiFi disabled.

**Q:** Does Nexus DSC work with a standard Android based device (without any modifications to the device's firmware)?

**A:** Yes, Nexus DSC (with the WiFi option) works with any recent Android based phone/tablet without any need to modify the firmware on that device. Nexus DSC is acting as a WiFi Access Point.

## Troubleshooting

### Encoders related problems

Problem	Source of the problem	Solution
Display is blank	Internal battery is exhausted	Connect Nexus DSC to external power to charge the battery
The keys are not illuminated	The keypad brightness level is set to 0	Change the keypad brightness level to a value other than 0
The charging status LED is flashing	External power does not meet the power requirements	Connect Nexus DSC to a power source that meets the power requirements
Poor pointing accuracy	The number of steps for encoder(s) was set incorrect	Check that the encoder steps were set for the encoders used

Problem	Source of the problem	Solution
Pointing accuracy deteriorates with time	Equatorial platform timer was activated	Turn off the equatorial platform timer
Encoder(s) count does not change in Test mode	Poor connection to encoders	Check that the encoders cable is properly inserted into Encoders port
	Faulty encoder cable	Replace the encoder cable
	Faulty encoder(s)	Replace the encoder(s)
Encoder count does not always change the value when moving the telescope	Encoder axle's slippage	Tighten the grub screw on the encoder's adapter.
	Faulty encoder cable	Replace the cable
Encoder count does not change the value when the telescope is in a certain position (for example, the azimuth encoder count does not change when the telescope is positioned between 200° and 205°)	Encoder's axle is tilted	Adjust the encoder's mounting to avoid putting any pressure on the axle while the telescope is moving.

#### Alignment problems

Problem	Source of the problem	Solution
Alignment error is big	Encoder(s) resolution is not set correctly	Set the encoder(s) resolution to the correct number of steps corresponding to the number of steps of the encoders installed.
	Telescope was pointed at the wrong star while performing the two star alignment procedure	Make sure the telescope is pointed at the selected stars
	Telescope was not set at the reference star while performing the two star alignment procedure	Set the telescope to the reference altitude before pointing at the alignment stars
	Alignment star(s) selected are below or close to 30° in altitude where the refraction has a much greater effect	Make sure that the alignment stars selected are positioned between 50-70° in altitude
Pointing accuracy is poor when moving the telescope to a different part of the sky	Alignment stars selected had a small separation angle in azimuth	Please select stars that have a separation of at least 70° in azimuth.



## Warranty

Nexus DSC is covered by a one-year limited warranty. Please refer to the enclosed warranty certificate for full details.

## Technical Support

You can find the latest version of the manual and firmware in the support section of our website. Please feel free to e-mail us should you require further technical assistance.

### Technical Support

You can find software updates and user documentation on the Astro Devices website.  
<http://www.astrodevices.com>

e-mail: <mailto:support@astrodevices.com?subject=Nexus DSC support>

# FCC Statement for Nexus DSC

Contains: FCC ID:YOPGS2011MIP IC ID: 9154A-GS2011MIP
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This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

**NOTE:** To comply with FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, the antenna used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

**NOTE:** This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver



## DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We, Astro Devices, ABN 75 270 616 917, 198 The Esplanade, SYLVANIA, NSW 2224, AUSTRALIA, E-mail: [info@astrodevices.com](mailto:info@astrodevices.com),

As manufacturer/producer declare that:

**Product Name:** Nexus DSC  
**Product Series:** NXD100  
**Product Description:** Digital setting circles for telescopes

conforms to the following directives and standards therein

**Directives:**

WEEE- Waste from Electrical and Electronic Equipment - 2002/96/EC

Radio Equipment & Telecommunications Terminal Equipment (R&TTE) - 1999/5/EC

RoHS- Restriction of use of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment - 2002/95/EC

**Standards:**

EMC: EN 55022: EN 301 489-1 V1.8.1:2008-04, EN 301 489-17 V2.1.1:2009-05

RADIO: EN 300 328 V1.7.1:2006-10

Immunity: EN 55024: EN 61000-4-2:2001, EN 61000-4-3:2002

Safety: EN 60950-1:2006+A11:2009+A1:2010

**Supplementary Information:**

Nexus DSC contains CE ID: L350347L199. This unit is a battery-operated appliance.

**Date of issue:**

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